

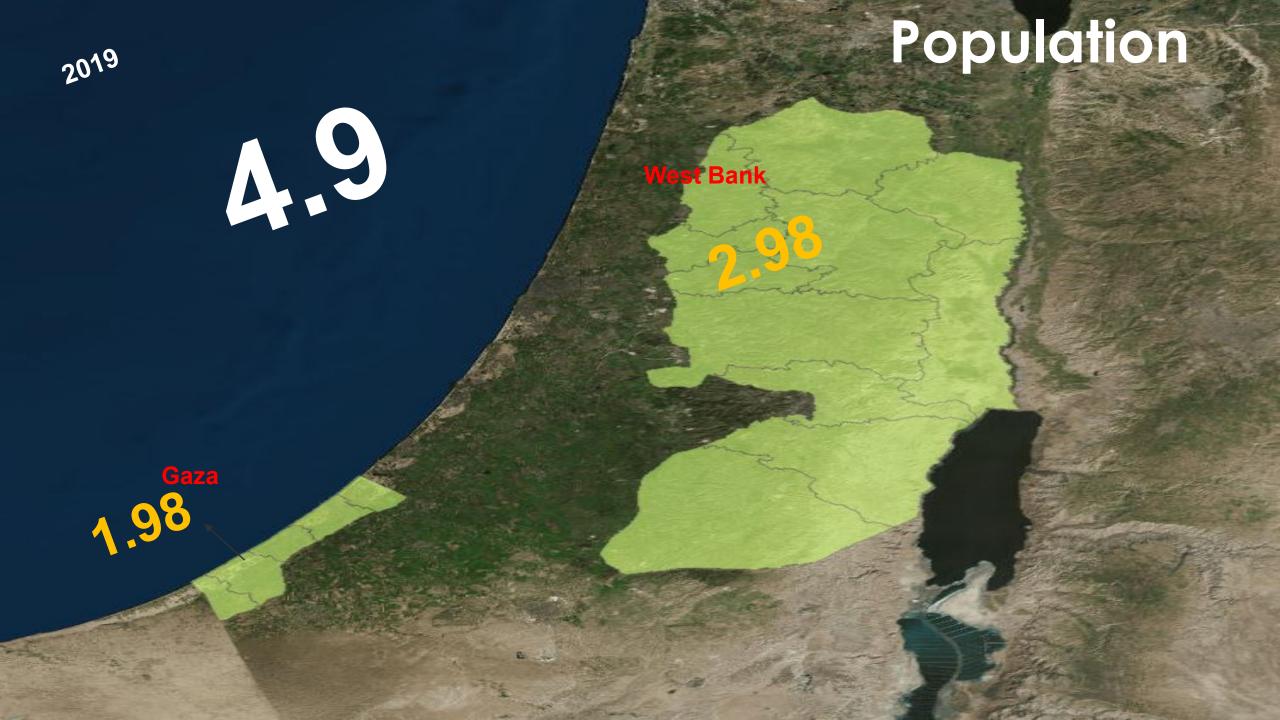
Electronic Waste in Palestine (E-waste)

Seventh Meeting of the Expert Group on Environment Statistics

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Introduction

• Waste statistics form an important part of the environment statistics at PCBS since 1997.

جدول 7: نسبة المنشآت الاقتصادية في فلسطين التي تنتج عنها نفايات صلبة وتقوم بفصلها حسب نوع النفايات الصلبة والمنطقة، 2015 Table 7: Percentage of Economic Establishments in Palestine that Generate Solid Waste and Separate it by Type of Solid Waste and Region, 2015

	Type of Separated Solidwaste نوع النفايات الصلبة المفصولة										
Region	اخرى	نفايات كيميائية	نفایات مشعة	نفايات معدية	نفایات حادة	نفايات عضوية	نزاب وحجارة	زجاج ومعادن	بلاستك ومطاط	ورق وكرتون	المنطقة
Region	Others	Chemical Waste	Radioactive Waste	Infectious Waste	Sharp Waste	Organic Waste	Soil & Stones	Glass & Metals	Plastic & Rubber	Paper & Cartoon	
Palestine	6.9	32.1	53.9	33.3	30.8	6.2	5.8	5.8	3.4	5.5	فلسطين
West Bank	7.6	34.1	100.0	35.7	30.3	4.0	4.0	6.2	2.3	4.2	الضفة الغربية
North of West Bank	7.2	51.5	100.0	27.9	30.8	4.7	4.8	9.0	2.9	6.4	شمال الضفة الغربية
Middle of West Bank	5.0	37.0	-	53.7	31.5	7.1	7.7	7.5	2.9	3.8	وسط الضفة الغربية
South of West Bank	14.2	7.1	100.0	51.7	29.0	1.6	1.3	1.9	1.0	1.7	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	3.4	8.8	53.6	28.8	31.4	10.5	7.4	4.9	6.3	8.4	قطاع غزة

^{- :} No observations : - الا يوجد مشاهدات

Introduction

•E-waste could be a source of pollution, or an important resource according to the management process.







Solid Waste Collection Service:

- 1. Availability of waste collection service
- 2. Doer responsible about the service
- 3. Means of collection
- 4. Periodicity of collection

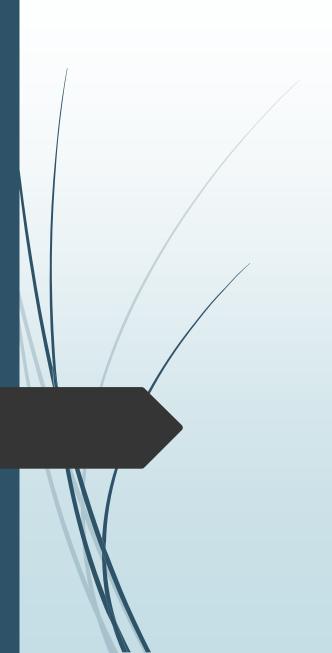
Production of Waste:

- 1. Quantity of produced Waste
- 2. Waste components
- 3. Availability of waste separation

Waste Disposal:

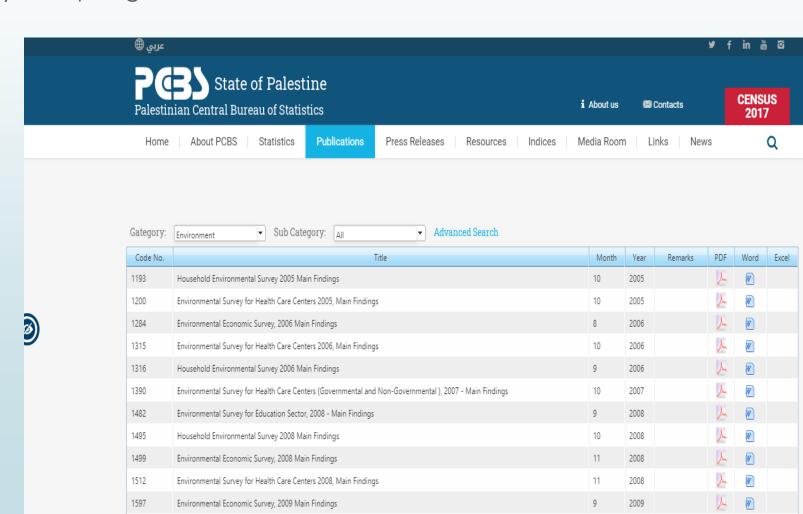
- 1. Treatment of waste before final disposal
- 2. Dumping sites (waste disposal places)
- 3. Waste disposal methods

Environmental impact of Dumping sites



Sectors included in waste statistics:

- Household sector
- Economic sector (ISIC4) except Agricultural sector
- Localities sector
- Health care sector
- Education sector



National Classification of E-waste

01

01-01

01-02

_01-03

01-04

_01-05

Industry

Manufacturing

Manufacturing

Ceramics and Glass

Chapter One - Industrial Wastes

Sub-Chapter One - Wastes from Pharmaceutical

Sub-Chapter Four - Wastes from Manufacturing of

Sub-Chapter Five - Wastes from Manufacturing of

Sub-Chapter Two - Wastes from Chemical

Sub-Chapter Three - Wastes from Paint

Sub-Chapter Six - Wastes from Paper

Until now, we don't have any classification specifically made for E-waste; still, we only have Basel Convention classification for all hazardous waste. However, there is the **Palestinian Waste Categories and Hazardous Waste List**

	Palestinian Waste Categories and Hazardous Waste List	منيفات النفايات وقائمة النفايات الخطرة الفلمطينية			
	Wastes Categories	تصنيفات التفايات			
1	Industrial waste	ايات الصناعية			
2	Construction and demolition waste	خلفات الإنشانية			
3	Agricultural waste.	لايات الزراعية			
4	Wastes from Oils, Fuels, Solvents and Related Materials	لفات الزيوت والوقود والمذيبات والمواد ذات الصلة			
5	Municipal Waste	خلفات البلدية			
6	Wastes Resulting from Handling and Treatment of Wastes and Wastewater	خلفات الناتجة عن التعامل مع النفايات والمياه العادمةومعالجتها			
7	Wastes from Other Sources	لفات من مصادر أخرى			
8	Wastes from Human or Animal Health Care	ايات الناتجه عن مراكز الرعاية بصحة الإنسان أو الحيوان			
	T				
Serial	Main Sector	القطاع الرنيس			
Number	Sub Sector	القطاع الفرعي			

الفصل الأول - المخلفات الصناعية

الفصل الفرعي الأول - مخلفات الصناعة الدوائية

الفصيل الفرعي التالت - مخلفات صناعة الدهانات

الفصل الفر عى التاني - مخلفات الصناعات الكيمابائية

الفصل الفرعى الخامس - مخلفات الصناعات الخشبية

الفصل الفرعي الرابع - مخلفات صناعة الزجاج والخزف

Palestinian Waste Categories and Hazardous Waste List

Serial	EU Code	Main Sector	القطاع الرئيس		
Number		Sub Sector - Wastes	القطاع الفرعي ـ النفايات		
_07		Chapter Seven - Wastes from Other Sources	الفصل السابع ـ مخلفات من مصادر أخرى		
_07-3		Sub-Chapter Three - Wastes from Electrical and Electronic EQUIPMENT (from industry, commerce or households)	الفصل الفرعي الثالث - مخلفات المعدات الكهربائية والألكترونية (من الصناعة والتجارة والمنازل)		
		wastes from electrical and electronic equipment	مخلفات الأجهزة الكهربائية و الإلكترونية		
_07-03-101	16 02 09*	transformers and capacitors containing PCBs	المحولات و المكثفات التي تحتوي على PCBs		
_07-03-102	16 02 10*	discarded equipment containing or contaminated by PCBs other than those mentioned in 16 02 09	أجهزة متخلص منها ومحتوية على مواد PCBs أو ملوثة بها غير المذكورة تحت 02 09 16		
_07-03-103	16 02 11*	discarded equipment containing chlorofluorocarbons, HCFC, HFC	أجهزة متخلص منها ومحتوية على كاربون كلوريدي فلوريدي HCFC, HFC		
_07-03-104	16 02 12*	discarded equipment containing free	أجهزة متخلص منها ومحتوية على الأسبيستوس الحر		

Palestine and E-waste

As a result of the Israeli occupation measures (separation and annexation wall, land confiscations, closures, sieges...etc.) many Palestinians went to work on collecting and separating electronic wastes as a new source of income.

The rapid accumulation of e-waste in Palestine, which has turned the country into a cemetery for electronic devices, is the result of the smuggling and illegal movement of waste from Israel and illegal Israeli settlements.



E-waste management and legislation status in Palestine

E-waste was mentioned in the bylaw of hazardous waste, which has been ratified in 2018, as hazardous waste without having any classifications and there aren't any classifications for hazardous waste in the Palestinian Environmental Law No. 7/1999 too.

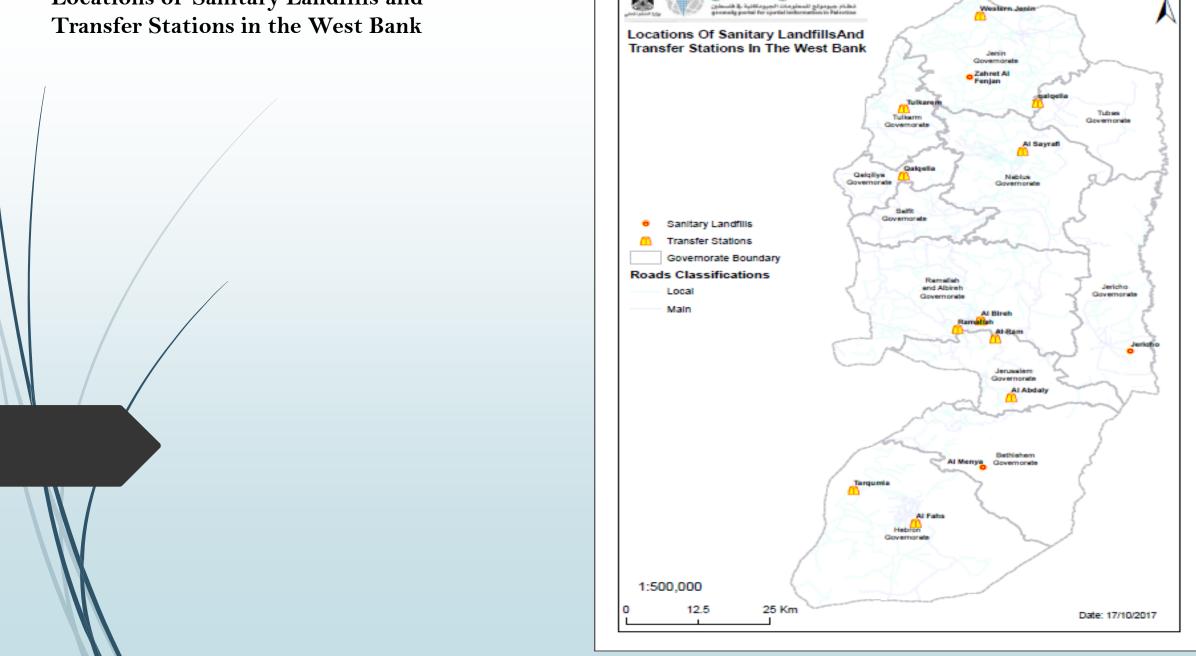
Solid Waste

Article (7)

The Ministry, in coordination with other specialized agencies, shall set a comprehensive plan for solid waste management on the national level, including the ways and the designation of sites for solid waste disposal as will as the supervision to implement this plan by the local councils.

EQA is preparing a roadmap for e-waste in Palestine in cooperation with the Italian CESVI and other stakeholders.

Locations of Sanitary Landfills and



geomolg

E-waste Statistics

- Around 300,000 400,000 ton/yr by informal sector
- ❖ 70-80% of e-waste comes from Israeli occupation as illegal movement
- Source: Environment Quality Authority, 2016



E-waste Challenges

- 1- Absence of national e-waste strategy
- 2- Lack of experience and human resources skills and training
- 3- Lack of funding
- 4- Illegal movement of e-waste by Israeli occupation



Recommendations

- Increasing studies and research on E-waste by research centers and students.
- The activation and implementation of the law.
- Increasing employment rate.
- Increase in training to compile national e-waste statistics.